



CONTENT

1) LEGAL NOTICE
2) INTRODUCTION
3) ABOUT EVA
4) PROBLEM AND SOLUTION
5) EVA TOKEN AND ECONOMY
6) ROAD MAP
7) EXCHANGERS
8) TEAM
9) WEBSITE AND SOCIAL MEDIA
10) TERMS AND CONDITIONS



LEGAL NOTICE

The information provided in this document does not imply contractual obligations. Its purpose is to provide vital information to potential token holders, which will enable them to decide the further acquaintance with the initial offer of Evacash to their possible acquisition.

No sections of this white paper can be defined as a scheme of emission or investment offer of any kind.

This original Evacash offer is not an offer to sell or buy securities of any jurisdiction.

This document is prepared without regard to any legislative or regulatory acts of jurisdiction designed to protect investors and are not regulated by those.

Some of the statements, calculations, and financial indicators in this white paper are projected preliminary information. They can be based on known and unknown risk factors and uncertainties, as a result of which actual circumstances and results may differ significantly from the following calculations and results, directly or indirectly provided for such preliminary forecasts.

Your participation in the token distribution program is solely on a voluntary basis. The distribution program is a crowdfunding voluntary fund-raising campaign.

To be able to participate in it, you must agree to Eva terms and condition.

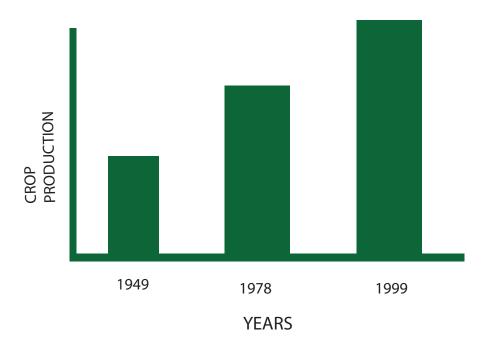
And please read them carefully before enrolling in the program, make sure that you understand the requirements and risks described here.

INTRODUCTION

Agriculture is an essential industry in the global economy, countries around the world engage in agriculture and they trade agro produce among themselves. The People's Republic of China export cotton, Tea, Rice, Soybeans and more, China is the largest cotton spinner in the world and the textile industry is also the biggest globally in terms of overall production and exports. China ranks first in worldwide farm output employing over 300 million farmers.

The agricultural industry worth trillions of dollars with billions of farmers around the world, the industry is indeed a very large industry. The people's Republic Of Chain as a case study export over 2trillion u.s dollars worth of agro produce annually.

Its crop production greatly increased in its first fifty years through organizational and technological improvements.



CROP	1949 OUTPUT	1978 OUTPUT	1999 OUTPUT
1.Grain 2.Cotton	113,180,000 444,000	304,770,000 2,167,000	508,390,000 3,831,000
3.Oil-bearing crops	2,564,000	5,218,000	26,012,000
4.Sugarcane 5.Sugarbeet	2,642,000 191,000	21,116,000 2,702,000	74,700,000 8,640,000
6.Flue-cured tobaco	43,000	1,052,000	2,185,000
7.Tea 8.Fruit	41,000 1,200,000	268,000 6,570,000	676,000 62,376,000
9.Meat	2,200,000	8,563,000	59,609,000
10.Aquatic products	450,000	4,660,000	41,220,000

The People's Republic Of Chain in the year 2000 experienced a fall back of which its main aquifers led to an overall decrease in grain production, turning China into a net importer. The trend of Chinese dependence on imported food is expected to accelerate as the water shortage worsens. However, despite their potential, desalination plants find few customers because it is still cheaper to over-utilize rivers, lakes and aquifers, even as these are depleted.

As of 2011, China was both the world's largest producer and consumer of agricultural products. China has increased the budget for agriculture by 20% in 2009, and continues to support energy efficiency measures, renewable technology, and other efforts with investments, such as the over 30% green component of the \$586bn fiscal stimulus package announced in November 2008.

Inefficiencies in the agricultural market

Despite the growth in export, the Chinese agricultural industry still faces several challenges. Farmers in several provinces, such as Shandong, Zhejiang, Anhui, Liaoning, and Xinjiang often have a hard time selling their agricultural products to customers due to a lack of information. Between the producing farmer in the countryside and the end-consumer in the cities or overseas there is a chain of intermediaries.

Farmers often find it difficult to foresee the demand for different types of fruits and vegetables. In order to maximize their profits they, therefore, opt to produce those fruits and vegetables that created the highest revenues for farmers in the region in the previous year. If, however, most farmers do so, this causes the supply of fresh products to fluctuate substantially year on year. Relatively scarce products in one year are produced in excess the following year because like of expected higher profit margins. The resulting excess supply, however, forces farmers to reduce their prices and sell at a loss. The scarce, revenue creating products of one year become the over-abundant, loss-making products in the following, and vice versa.

Efficiency is further impaired in the transportation of agricultural products from the farms to the actual markets. According to figures from the Commerce Department, up to 25% of fruits and vegetables rot before being sold, compared to around 5% in a typical developed country. As intermediaries cannot sell these rotten fruits they pay farmers less than they would if able to sell all or most of the fruits and vegetables. This reduces farmer's revenues although the problem is caused by post-production inefficiencies, which they are not themselves aware of during price negotiations with intermediaries.

These information and transportation problems highlight inefficiencies in the market mechanisms between farmers and end consumers, impeding farmers from taking advan- tage of the fast development of the rest of the Chinese economy. The resulting small profit margin does not allow them to invest in the necessary agricultural inputs (machinery, seeds, fertilizers, etc.) to raise productivity and improve their standards of living, from which the whole of the Chinese economy would benefit. This in turn increases the exodus of people from the countryside to the cities, which already face urbanization issues. [Ref: Wikipedia - Agriculture in China]

These problems are not peculiar to the Chinese, they are also affecting the agro-industry in Asia and Africa regions. We have identified these major problems and EVA will channel its project into resolving the issues: lack of information, network, too many intermediaries and transportation in these regions.

ABOUT EVA

Eva aim to resolve the inefficiencies in the agricultural market, we will be the only intermediary between farmers and the agro-industry, we are building an Eco-system that will directly link farms, farmers and agro-product buyers a.k.a customers despite their border barriers. With our unique agro platform, we believe we will be able to solve some of the major problems affecting the agro0industry mostly in Asia and Africa regions and build a network for farmers and customers also provide them with a base for information.

There are too many middlemen when it comes to making agro transactions, which counts down to banks and numerous individuals who act as intermediaries between farmers and their customers, this accompanies a price which makes the customers pay more while the farmers earn less during the business transaction.

This traditional network process is not just expensive but also stressful for customers and farmers. During the course of agro importation and exportation this type of network might put the customer or farmer at financial risk.

We are developing a Dapp that will serve as a network and base of information for farmers and their customers, Eva Dapp will allow farmers and customers network and carry out their business transactions easily with the use of the blockchain technology and smart contracts.

Farmers will be able to post their farm produce on the platform while customers will have various farms to directly buy from at a click of a button. Evacash is the default token of the system. It will be used as a mode of payment among farmers and customers, it can also be exchanged for some services on the platform/ecosystem or exchanged for other cryptocurrencies on exchangers and in the nearest future we will build our unique wallet with internal exchange that will allow farmers and customers directly exchange these tokens for fiat based on a P2P model.

PROBLEM

Lack of information: Most farmers in the Asia and Africa regions are not informed about the current state of the market hence they miss out on opportunities in the agroindustry. Many of the farmers end up losing their farm produce because they have produced crops that are in low demand in the current market.

Numerous Middlemen: Before most farmers in this region can sell their farm produce they have to go through a chain of network, these net- work entails of individuals and organisations who are intermediaries between the farmer and the customer. This type of network can be stressful and it will make the farmer earn less while the customer spends more.

High Fees: In the process of transacting the customer tend to pay more on bank fees.

Financial Risk: The customer or farmer might be exposed to fraud without knowing, there's no technology that assures the farmer he/she will receive the full payment, while the customer can also lose their funds.

Border Barriers: International migration laws can also affect agro transactions customers will have to go through the process of obtain- ing a visa and other travel documents if the farmer is not in the same region as the customer.

Transportation: The movement of these farm produce after they have been sold can be a huge problem for farmers and their customer. Each farm produce has to be packaged in a special way to avoid damage of any kind.

SOLUTION

Lack of information: Farmers will be able to subscribe to our information portal where we will keep them updated with analysis on the current market and farm produce on demand.

Numerous Middlemen: With our Dapp we will link customers to farmers directly so they can buy at a cheaper rate and experience a fair business transaction.

High Fees: Customers wouldn't have to pay in fiat, though there will be a fiat payment option on the platform. However, if both parties agree to transact in Evacash they will pay less on transaction fees compared to what they will pay if they transact with fiat.

Financial Risk: We will use smart contract to protect our users from fraud when they pay in Evacash. Our built-in escrow program will also protect both parties from fraud if they choose to transact with fiat. However, the fiat escrow service might attract little fees in Evacash which can be paid in fiat but will automatically be converted to Evacash after the transaction.

Border Barriers: With our unique platform customers from all over the world can buy from any farm without crossing their borders or even leaving their bed they can utilize our Dapp to find a trusted farm and order any farm produce at the click of a button.

Transportation: In the nearest future we will have a transport service that will aid farmers and customers with the movement of their farm produce.

EVACASH AND ECONOMY

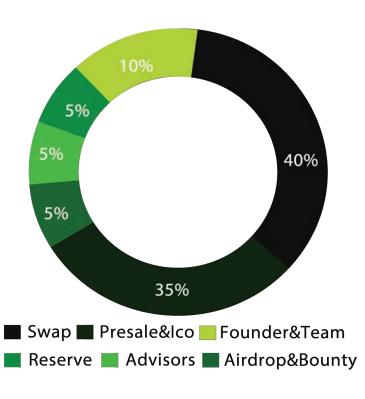
Evascash is governed by the EVA community and its value can only be determined by its supply and demand.

EVA is a global alternative currency to fiat, a peer-to-peer (P2P) version of electronic cash that allows online payments to be sent directly from one party to another without going through a financial institution and government interference.

EVACASH USECASE

Evacash will be used for payment between farmers and their customers on our Dapp, It will also be used in exchange for other services EVA has to offer in the future. We believe as more and more farmers/customers use our services it will gradually increase the demand for Evacash on the crypto market.

TOKEN DISTRIBUTION



Founder&Team 10%

Airdrop&Bounty 5%

Pre-sale&Ico 35%

Advisors 5%

Reserve 5%

Swap 40%

Contract Address: 0xba14b245d449965bd-beb630ebe135b569474f5b1

TOKEN INFO

Name: EVACASH

Sysmbol: EVC

Decimal: 6

Type: ECR20

Total Supply: 1,000,000 EVC

Contract Address: 0xba14b245d449965bdbeb630ebe135b569474f5b1



ROADMAP

3rd Q of 2018

Creation of token on ERC20 Blockchian

Eva Cash is created to replace Eva Token

Pre-sale and Ico (Airdrop and Bounty)

2nd Q of 2019

Inviting and teaching local farmers how to make use of our App and Evacash

Accepting payments with Eva Cash for Agricultural production. Starting with local farmers

Final deployment of Dapp and payment system and Evacash wallet

1st Q of 2019

Swap of Eva Token to Eva cash will be done on a selected date using an exchanger.

Eva Cash will be listed on an exchange with huge volume

3rd Q of 2019

Introducing Eva Cash App to the market and also introducing our other projects globally to aid local farmers with buying, selling and distribution of their produce.

Introduction of pay and deposit funds using our global payment industries and stores.

Buying Agricultural productions from our partners and hiring workers on our partner freelancer project.

1st Q of 2020

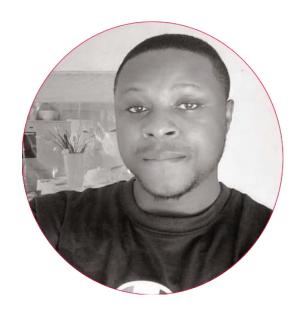
Mass Adoption of Eva Cash.

TEAM

A wonderful growth has been achievable due to the tireless work of Eva project team, and their vast experience on both blockchain and agriculture. We strongly believe that the global growth through the mass adoption of our project, our extraordinary fast transaction time and token total circulation are the reason why Evacash's distribution remains strong and one of its kind in cryptocurrency world.



Michael Collier Ceo Eva Cash



Oluwamayowa Faluyi Strategist And Advisor

WEBSITE AND SOCIAL MEDIA

Website: http://theevacash.com/

Twitter: https://twitter.com/evacash_token

Telegram: https://t.me/evacash

Btt: https://bitcointalk.org/index.php?topic=5076975.new#new

Terms and conditions

The following Terms and Conditions ("Terms") govern the sale of cryptographic tokens – EVC (hereby referred to as "EVC"). The Token distri- bution is managed by EVC to provide the the token and reserve the purchases of the EVC to be issued and executed through The EVC Team to purchasers of EVC ("Purchasers" collectively, and "Purchaser" individually). This document is not a solicitation for investment and does not pertain in any way to an offering of securities in any jurisdic- tion. This document describes the Token distribution in which the token (EVC) is sold.

Ownership of EVC during the Token distribution carries no rights ex- press or implied. Purchases of EVC are non-refundable. Purchasers should have no expectation of influence over governance of the plat- form. By participating in the sale of EVC, you expressly acknowledge and represent that you have carefully reviewed the Terms and fully understand the costs, and benefits of purchasing EVC and agree to be bound by these Terms. As set forth below, you further represent and warrant that, to the extent permitted by law, you are authorized to purchase EVC in your relEVCnt jurisdiction, are of a legal age to be bound by these Terms, and will not hold EVC, its parent and affiliates, and the officers, directors, agents, joint ventures, employees and sup- pliers of EVC or our parent or affiliates, now or in the future and any other member of the EVC Team (collectively the "EVC Team & Parties") liable for any losses or any special, incidental, or consequential damages arising out of, or in anyway connected to the sale of EVC.